Attorney Docket. No. 5649-1244

In re: Hong et al.

Application Serial No.: 10/776,823

Filed: February 11, 2004

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## Listing of Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application.

## 1-5. (Canceled)

6. (Original) A method of forming a film in a semiconductor manufacturing process, comprising forming the film on a substrate to cover at least a portion of the substrate using a solution comprising a solvent and perhydro-polysilazane, wherein the perhydro-polysilazane has a weight average molecular weight of about 300 to about 3,000 and a polydispersity index of about 1.8 to about 3.0 according to the formula:

- (SiH2NH)n -

wherein n is a positive integer.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the solution comprises about 5 to about 30 percent by weight perhydro-polysilazane, and about 70 to about 95 percent by weight solvent.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the solvent comprises xylene or dibutyl ether.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the film is formed by a spin coating process.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising changing the film into a silicon oxide film by heating the film and by providing an oxidizing gas to the film.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the film is heated at a temperature of above about 600 °C.

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- (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the oxidizing gas comprises an 12. oxygen gas or a water vapor.
- (Original) A method of manufacturing a semiconductor device, comprising: 13. forming a plurality of first conductive patterns on a substrate where an active region and a field region are defined;

forming a first film on the substrate to fill gaps between the first conductive patterns using a solution that comprises a solvent and perhydro-polysilazane, wherein the perhydro-polysilazane has a weight average molecular weight of about 300 to about 3,000 and a polydispersity index of about 1.8 to about 3.0 according to the formula:

- (SiH2NH), -

wherein n is a positive integer;

forming a first silicon oxide film from the first film by heating the first film and providing a first oxidizing gas to the first film;

forming a first opening exposing the active region by partially etching the first silicon oxide film; and

forming a first contact in the first opening by filling the first opening with a conductive material.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the first oxidizing gas comprises an oxygen gas or a water vapor, and the first film is heated at a temperature of above about 600 °C.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, further comprising prior to forming the first conductive patterns:

forming a trench on the substrate;

forming a second film on the substrate to fill the trench using a solution that comprises a solvent and perhydro-polysilazane having a weight average molecular weight of about 300 to about 3,000 and a polydispersity index of about 1.8 to about 3.0 according to the formula:

 $-(SiH_2NH)_n$  -

wherein n is a positive integer;

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forming a second silicon oxide film from the second film by heating the second film and by providing a second oxidizing gas to the second film; and

forming a trench oxide film in the trench by removing a portion of the second silicon oxide film existing on the substrate.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the second oxidizing gas comprises an oxygen gas or a water vapor, and the second film is heated at a temperature of above about 600 °C.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13, further comprising cleaning the first opening after forming the first opening.
  - 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, further comprising: forming a second conductive pattern making contact with the first contact;

forming a third film on the substrate and the second conductive contact pattern using a solution that comprises a solvent and perhydro-polysilazane, wherein the perhydro-polysilazane has a weight average molecular weight of about 300 to about 3,000 and a polydispersity index of about 1.8 to about 3.0 according to the formula:

- (SiH2NH), -

wherein n is a positive integer;

forming a third silicon oxide film from the third film by heating the third film and providing an third oxidizing gas to the third film;

forming a second opening exposing a portion of the substrate by partially etching the third silicon oxide film and the first silicon oxide film; and

forming a second contact in the second opening by filling the second opening with a conductive material.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the third oxidizing gas comprises an oxygen gas or a water vapor, and the third film is heated at a temperature of above about 600 °C.

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- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18, further comprising cleaning the second opening after forming the second opening.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein a gap between the first conductive patterns is less than about 20 nm.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein a ratio between the size of the gap and the average molecular size of perhydro-polysilazane is above about 5:1.